Jia Organic Eco Resort is an eco-friendly resort located away from the town’s hustle-bustle life. Situated amidst lush greenery, serene surroundings and organic farm, the resort offers a unique experience for travelers seeking a sustainable and environmentally conscious stay.

The resort emphasizes organic practices and eco-friendly initiatives, Guests can enjoy comfortable accommodation in eco-friendly cottages, which are designed to blend harmoniously with the natural surroundings.

Overall, Jia Organic Eco Resort provides a tranquil retreat for eco-conscious travelers looking to reconnect with nature while minimizing their environmental footprint.

Roing, located in the Lower Dibang Valley district of Arunachal Pradesh, India, offers a range of activities for travelers seeking adventure and cultural experiences in the region. Here are some activities you can explore around Roing:

1. **Mayudia Pass**: (2,655 metres (8,711 ft) elevation), 56 km from [Roing](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Roing" \o "Roing) in [Dibang Valley district](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dibang_Valley_district" \o "Dibang Valley district) of [Arunachal Pradesh](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arunachal_Pradesh) state in India, is a popular local tourist attraction due to the November to March winter snow fall which is heaviest in January and February.

"Mayodia" is the combination of two Idu-Mishmi words - "Mayu" which is the name of the mountain and "Dia" meaning "peak of the mountain", thereby meaning "Peak of the Mayu Mountain".

1. **Archaeological Sites:** Roing and its vicinity are home to several archaeological sites, including Bhishmaknagar, an ancient fortress dating back to the 6th century BC. Explore the ruins and learn about the historical significance of these sites.
2. **Bird Watching:** The diverse ecosystems around Roing support a rich variety of birdlife, making it a paradise for bird watchers. Grab your binoculars and head to locations like Mayodia Pass, Mehao Lake, and Dibang Valley for bird watching excursions.
3. **River Rafting:** The rivers around Roing, particularly the Dibang and the Siang, offer thrilling opportunities for river rafting. Experienced guides can take you on exhilarating rafting expeditions, providing a unique perspective of the pristine landscapes and rugged terrain.
4. **The Golden Pagoda, Namsai** also known as Kongmu Kham, in the [Tai-](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tai_languages)[Khamti language](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Khamti_language), is a [Burmese](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Myanmar_architecture)-style [Buddhist](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Buddhist) temple that was opened in 2010. It is located on a 20 hectares (49 acres) complex in [Namsai](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Namsai_District" \o "). The World [Tripiṭaka](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tripi%E1%B9%ADaka" \o "Tripiṭaka) Foundation is currently developing Kongmu Kham as the first international Tripiṭaka center in India.
5. **Parshuram Kund** was established as a [Hindu pilgrimage site](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hindu_pilgrimage_sites) in 1970 by hindu missionaries from assam. It is situated on the [Brahmaputra](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Brahmaputra) plateau in the lower reaches of the [Lohit River](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lohit_River" \o "Lohit River) in [Lohit district](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lohit_district). Dedicated to the deity [Parashurama](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parashurama" \o "Parashurama), the popular site attracts pilgrims from [Nepal](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nepal), from across India. Devotees and [sadhus](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sadhu" \o "Sadhu) take a holy dip in its water each year on the occasion of [Makar Sankranti](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Makar_Sankranti" \o "Makar Sankranti), in the month of January.